DESCRIPTIONS 3000W, AC-DC Converter



RoHS

UL62368-1 EN62368-1 BS EN62368-1 IEC62368-1

FEATURES

- Universal 85 - 277VAC or 120 - 390VDC Input voltage
- Wide adjustable output voltage range
- Accepts AC or DC input (dual-use of same terminal)
- Operating ambient temperature range: -40℃ to +85℃
- High efficiency, high reliability
- Active PFC
- High I/O isolation test voltage up to 4000VAC
- Supports 7+1 parallel redundancy
- Supports PMBus communication
- Output short circuit, over-current, over-voltage, over-temperature protection
- Double side conformal coating
- Operating altitude up to 5000m
- Comply with IEC62368, UL60601, GB4943

APPLICATIONS

- Industrial Control
- LED
- Street Light Control
- Electricity
- Security
- Telecommunications
- Medical
- Smart Home

Selection Guide

Certification	Part No.	Output Power (W)	Nominal Output Voltage and Current (Vo/Io)		Adjustable Range of Output Voltage Vo1(V)		Efficiency 230VAC (%) Typ.	Maximum Capacitive Load at normal temperature (μF)	
			Vo1/Io1	Vo2/Io2	ADJ	Vprog		Vo1	Vo2
EN/BS EN/IEC	AEF3000-2B-12	2410	12V/200A	12V/0.8A	9-15	2.4-15	90	32000	470
UL/IEC/EN /BS EN	AEF3000-2B-24	3010	24V/125A	12V/0.8A	18-30	4.8-30	92	20000	470
	AEF3000-2B-48	3010	48V/62.5A	12V/0.8A	36-60	9.6-60	93	10000	470

Note: The product picture is for reference only. For details, please refer to the actual product.

Specifications

Product Specifications	Item	Operating Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Specifications	Input Voltage Range	Rated input (Conform to Certified voltage)		100	--	240	VAC
		AC input		85	--	277	
		DC input		120	--	390	VDC
	Input Voltage Frequency	Rated input (Conform to Certified voltage)		47	--	63	Hz
		AC input		47	--	63	
	Input Current	Rated input (Conform to Certified voltage)		--	--	20	A
		115VAC		--	--	16.5	
		230VAC		--	--	17.5	
	Inrush Current	115VAC	Cold start	--	20	--	
		230VAC		--	40	--	
	Power Factor	115VAC	Normal temperature, full load	PF≥0.99			
		230VAC		PF≥0.95			
	Start-up Delay Time	115VAC/230VAC, normal temperature, rated load		--	--	3	s
	Input Fuse*	Built-in fuse		--	25	--	A
	Input Under-voltage Protection	Under-voltage protection start (Input voltage drops from high to low)		60	--	--	VAC
		Under-voltage protection release (Input voltage rises from low to high)		--	--	85	
	Hot Plug			Unavailable			
Output Specifications	Output Voltage Accuracy	Full load range		--	±1	--	%
	Line Regulation	Rated load		--	±0.5	--	
	Load Regulation	0% - 100% load		--	±0.5	--	
	Ripple & Noise*	Vo1	12V/24V	--	--	150	mV
			48V	--	--	250	
		Vo2		--	--	100	
	Temperature Coefficient			--	±0.03	--	%/℃
	Minimum Load			0	--	--	%
	Hold-up Time	115VAC/230VAC, rated load		--	14	--	ms
	Short Circuit Protection			Long-term constant current without triggering over-temperature protection, self-recover after the short-circuit state is canceled			
	Over-current Protection			Enter the constant current state, self-recover after the over-current state is canceled			
	Over-voltage Protection	12V		≤25VDC (Output voltage turn off, re-power on for recover)			
		24V		≤35VDC (Output voltage turn off, re-power on for recover)			
		48V		≤70VDC (Output voltage turn off,			

					re-power on for recover)				
	Over-temperature Protection		230VAC, 100% load	Over-temperature protection start	--	--	65	℃
				Over-temperature protection release	50	--	--		
General Specifications	Isolation Test	Input - ⏚	Electric strength test for 1min., leakage current <10mA		2000	--	--	VAC
		Input - output			4000	--	--		
		Output - ⏚			1500	--	--		
	Insulation Resistance	Input - ⏚	Ambient temperature: 25 ± 5℃ Relative humidity: < 95%RH, no condensation Test voltage: 500VDC		100	--	--	MΩ
		Input - output			100	--	--		
		Output - ⏚			100	--	--		
	Isolation level	Input - output			2 × MOPP				
		Input - ⏚			1 × MOPP				
		Output - ⏚			1 × MOPP				
	Operating Temperature				-40	--	85	℃	
	Storage Temperature				-40	--	85		
	Storage Humidity		Non-condensing		10	--	95	%RH	
	Operating Humidity				20	--	90		
	Switching Frequency		PFC		--	65	--	kHz	
			DC- DC		--	82	--		
			Auxiliary source		--	65	--		
	Power Derating		Operating temperature derating	-40℃ to +50℃	0	--	--	%/℃	
				+50℃ to +85℃	2.5	--	--		
			Input voltage derating	AC Input (12V) 85VAC-90VAC (Based on 1500W)	6	--	--	%/VAC	
				AC Input (12V) 90VAC-180VAC	1500			W	
				AC Input (12V) 180VAC-277VAC	2400				
			Input voltage derating	DC Input (12V) 120VDC-180VDC (Based on 1500W)	1.25	--	--	%/VAC	
				DC Input (12V) 180VDC-350VDC	1500			W	
				DC Input (12V) 350VDC-390VDC	2400				

General	Power Derating	Input voltage	AC Input	85VAC-90VAC (Based on	6	--	--	%/VAC

Specifications		derating	(24V/48 V)	1500W)				
				90VAC-180VAC	1500			W
				180VAC-277VAC	3000			
			DC Input (24V/48 V)	120VDC-180VDC (Based on 1500W)	1.25	--	--	%/VAC
				180VDC-350VDC	1500			W
				350VDC-390VDC	3000			
	Leakage Current	240VAC, 60Hz	Touch current		< 0.1mA			
			Earth leakage current		< 0.5mA			
	Safety Class				CLASS I			
	MTBF	MIL-HDBK-217F@25℃			≥250,000 h			
	Warranty	Ambient temperature: ≤85℃			5 years			
Mechanical Specifications	Case Material	Metal (SUS 304)						
	Dimensions	279.40mm × 177.80mm × 63.50mm						
	Weight	3400g (Typ.)						
	Cooling Method	Forced cooling 26.63 CFM						
Functional Specifications	Remote Control Switch	All input voltage range, all load range		Power on	PS_ON /OFF(JP1300 Pin1) and SGND (JP1300 Pin2) are short			
				Power off	PS_ON/OFF (JP1300 Pin1) and SGND (JP1300 Pin2) are open			
	DC-OK Signal	All input voltage range, all load range		Power on	--	0	0.5	V
				Power off	10	--	12	
	Current Sharing Accuracy	Output > 50%Io1			--	±10	--	%
	Remote Sense	The total compensated voltage value of Vs+ and Vs- (Pin12 and Pin18 of the JP1300) when they are shorted to both ends of the output load (Vs+ to +Vo, Vs- to -Vo) respectively			--	200	--	mV
	Oring				Support direct parallel use, achieve 7+1 parallel redundancy			
	LED Signal	Main output status indication		Normal output	Green on			
				Abnormal output, protected	Red on			
				Power off (AC without Input)	Light off			
	SDA, SCL for I^2C				Internal 2.4 kΩ pull-up resistor to internal 3.3V			

Note: 1.*If the fuse is, or could be, in the neutral of the mains supply, the mains shall be disconnected to de-energize the phase conductors.
2.* "Tip and barrel method" is used for ripple and noise test, output parallel 47uF electrolytic capacitor and 0.1uF ceramic capacitor,

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

Electromagnetic Compatibility	Emissions (EMI)	CE	CISPR32/EN5501 150kHz–30MHz CLASS A		
		RE	CISPR32/EN55011 30MHz–1GHz CLASS A		
		Harmonic current	IEC/EN61000-3-2 CLASS A and CLASS D		
	Immunity (EMS)	ESD	IEC/EN61000-4-2	Contact ±8KV/Air ±15KV	perf. Criteria A
		RS	IEC/EN61000-4-3	80MHz - 1GHz 10V/m	perf. Criteria A
		EFT	IEC/EN61000-4-4	±4KV, (5 or 100)kHz	perf. Criteria A
		Surge	IEC/EN61000-4-5	line to line ±2KV/line to ground ±4KV	perf. Criteria A
		MS	IEC/EN61000-4-8	30A/m	perf. Criteria A
		CS	IEC/EN61000-4-6	0.15MHz - 80MHz 10Vr.m.s	perf. Criteria A
		Voltage dips	IEC/EN61000-4-11	70% U_n* ,25/30 periods (50/60Hz) 40% U_n* ,10/12 periods (50/60Hz) 0% U_n*, 1 periods	Perf. Criteria B

Note: 1. *Un is the maximum input nominal voltage.

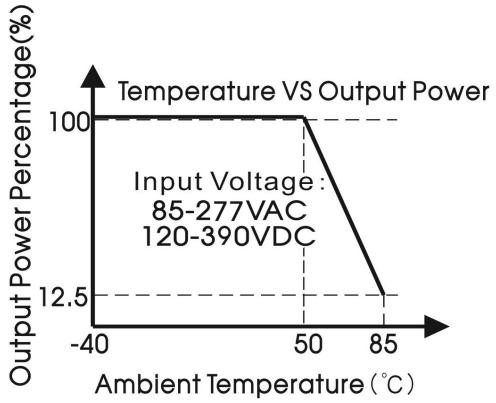
2. *perf. Criteria:

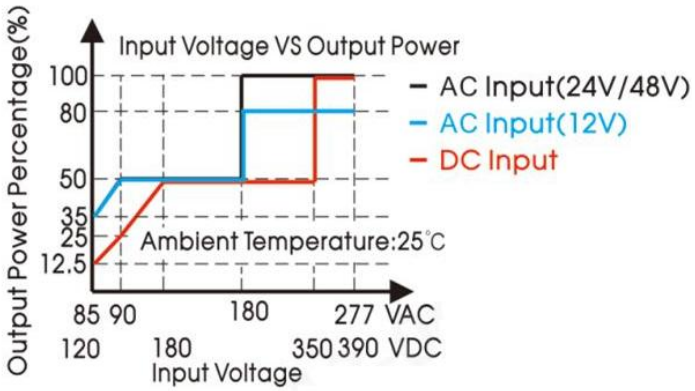
A: The equipment shall continue to operate as intended without operator intervention;

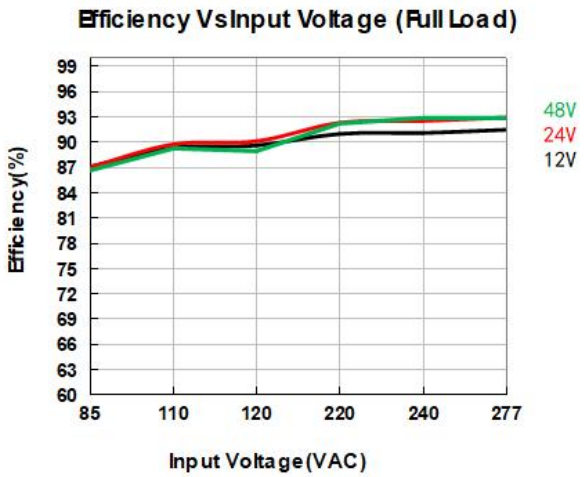
B: After the test, the equipment shall continue to operate as intended without operator intervention;

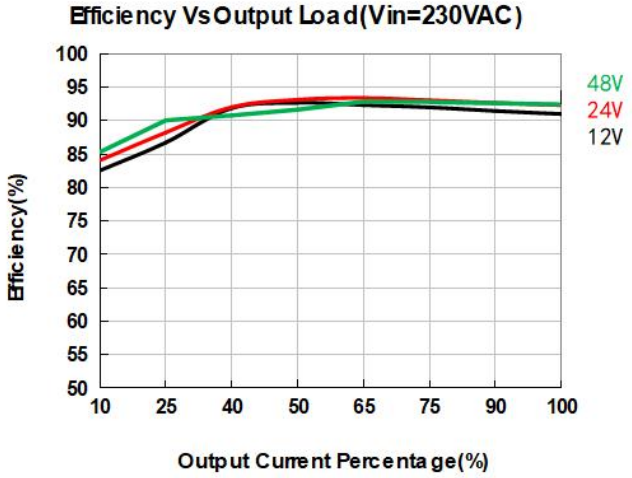
C: Loss of function is allowed, provided the function is self-recoverable, or can be restored by the operation of the controls by the user in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Characteristic Curve

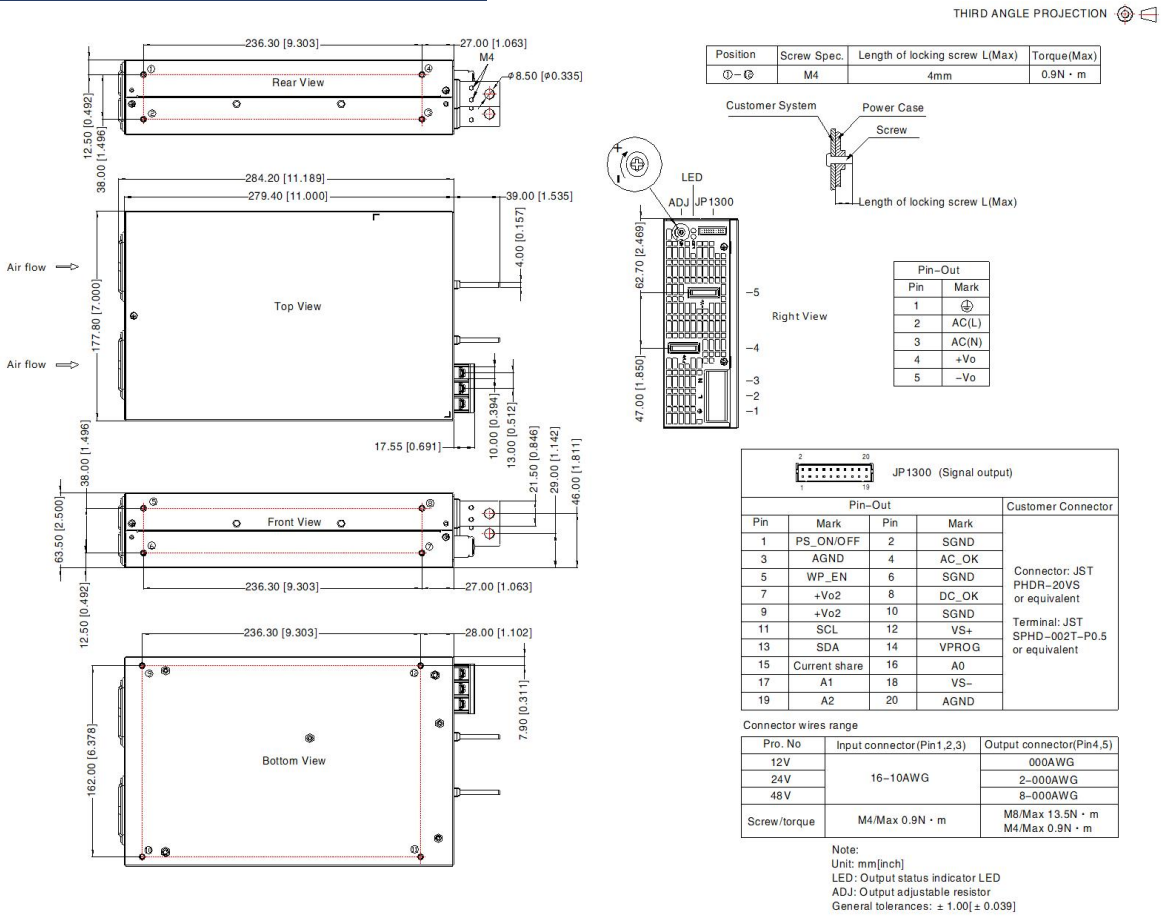








Dimensions and Recommended



Position	Screw Spec.	Length of locking screw L(Max)	Torque(Max)
①–⑤	M4	4mm	0.9N・m

Pin–Out	
Pin	Mark
1	⏚
2	AC(L)
3	AC(N)
4	+Vo
5	–Vo

JP1300 (Signal output)

Pin–Out				Customer Connector
Pin	Mark	Pin	Mark	
1	PS_ON/OFF	2	SGND	Connector: JST PHDR–20VS or equivalent Terminal: JST SPHD–002T–P0.5 or equivalent
3	AGND	4	AC_OK	
5	WP_EN	6	SGND	
7	+Vo2	8	DC_OK	
9	+Vo2	10	SGND	
11	SCL	12	VS+	
13	SDA	14	VPROG	
15	Current share	16	A0	
17	A1	18	VS–	
19	A2	20	AGND	

Connector wires range

Pro. No	Input connector(Pin1,2,3)	Output connector(Pin4,5)
12V	16–10AWG	000AWG
24V		2–000AWG
48V		8–000AWG
Screw/torque	M4/Max 0.9N・m	M8/Max 13.5N・m M4/Max 0.9N・m

Note:
Unit: mm[inch]
LED: Output status indicator LED
ADJ: Output adjustable resistor
General tolerances: ± 1.00[± 0.039]

Note:

1. Unless otherwise specified, parameters in this datasheet were measured under the conditions of Ta=25℃, humidity <75%RH with nominal input voltage and rated output load;
2. The room temperature derating of 5℃/1000m is needed for operating altitude greater than 2000m;
3. In order to improve the efficiency at high input voltage, there will be audible noise generated, but it does not affect product performance and reliability;
4. The out case needs to be connected to PE (⏚) of system when the terminal equipment in operating;
5. The output voltage can be adjusted by the ADJ, clockwise to increase;
6. The image certification marks are for reference only; please refer to the selection table for actual specifications. Certification is based on the physical mark or packaging label.

AEF3000-2B-xx Power Supply Application Note

Content

1. Overview description 9
1.1 AC/DC input terminal block (J1) 10
1.2 Main DC output terminal (+Vo, -Vo) 10
1.3 Auxiliary DC output terminal (+Vo2: Pin7, 9; SGND: PIN2, 6, 10) 11
1.4 Signal port (JP1300) 11
1.5 Green and red status display LED lights 12
1.6 Output voltage adjustment knob 12
2. Function Manual 13
2.1 Input requirements 13
2.2 Output requirements 14
2.3 Start-up timing 14
2.4 Fan speed control 14
2.5 Output over-voltage protection (OVP) 15
2.6 Output constant-current protection (OCP) 16
2.7 Output short circuit protection (SCP) 16
2.8 Over-temperature protection (OTP) 16
2.9 Output power derating 17
2.10 Remote control 17
2.11 DC_OK signal 18
2.12 Remote compensation 18
2.13 Parallel operation 19
2.13.1 Redundancy 19
2.13.2 Current sharing 19
2.14 PMBus communication address 22

3. Installation requirements 23

3.1 Safety introduction 23

3.2 Safety requirements 23

3.3 Installation method 23

4. Communication protocol 24

1. Overview description

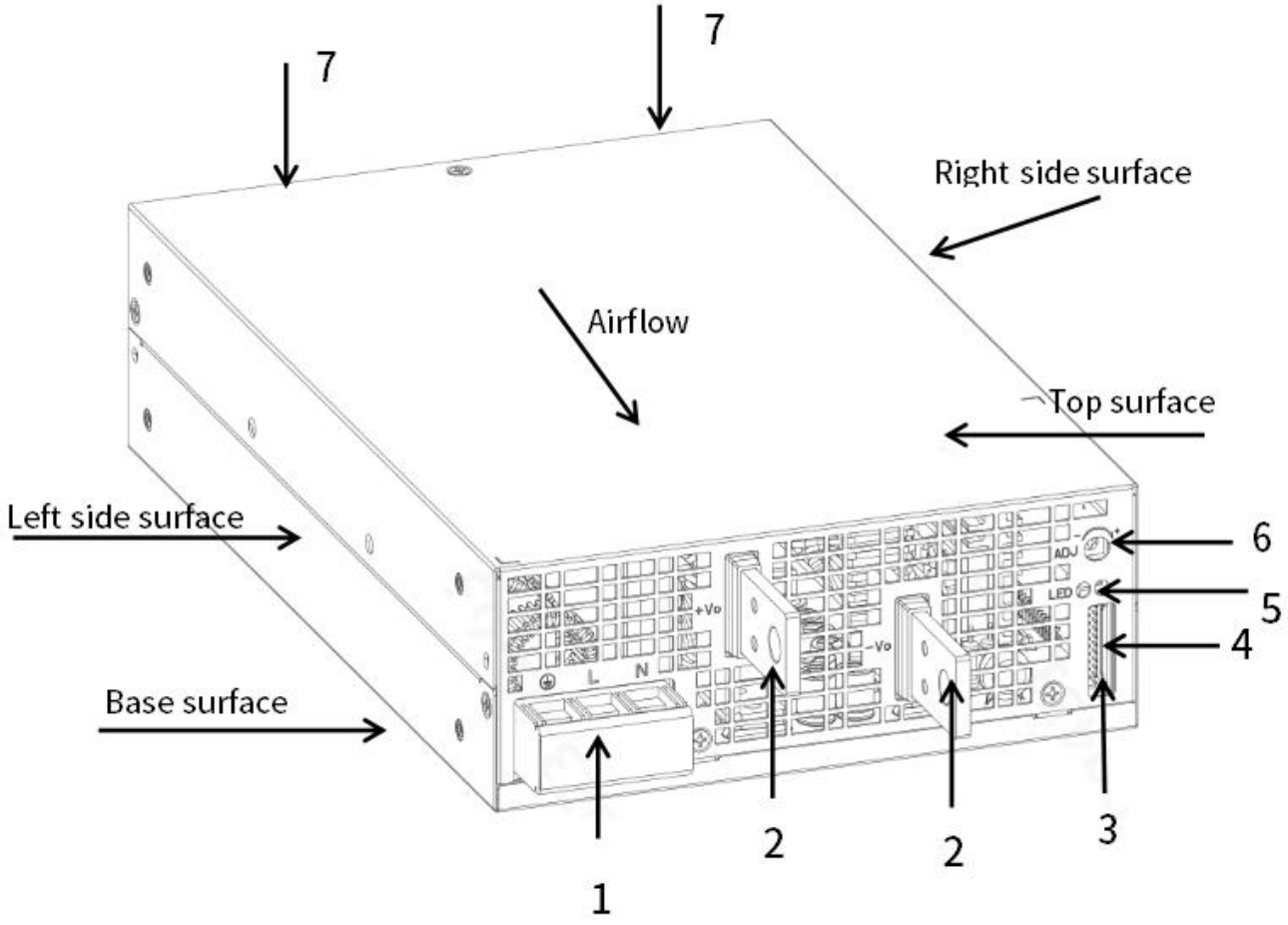


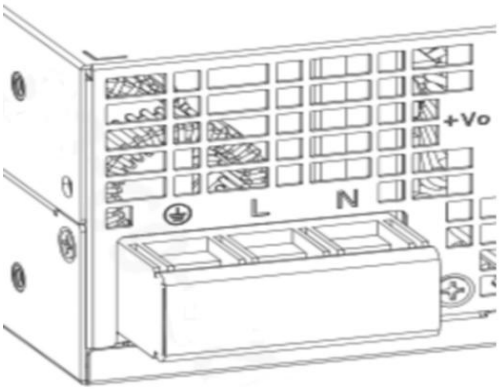
Fig. 1: Appearance information of AEF3000-2B-xx

Overview description:

1. AC/DC input terminal (J1)
2. DC main output terminal (+Vo, -Vo)
3. Auxiliary output terminal (JP1300 +Vo2: PIN7, 9; SGND: PIN2, 6, 10)
4. Signal connection press the terminal (JP1300)
5. Green and red status display LED lights
6. Output voltage regulation resistor
7. Fans

1.1 AC/DC input terminal block (J1)

The input terminal J1, as a standard 3-pin fence welding terminal with upper cover, the center spacing of the pins is 13mm.



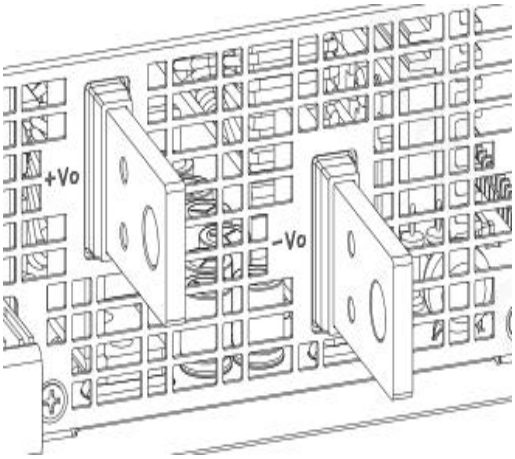
Pin	Features
L	Line (Phase)
N	Neutral
⏚	Ground/Earth

Wire size: 16-10AWG

Torque: M4/0.9N·m (max)

1.2 Main DC output terminal (+Vo, -Vo)

The output terminal uses two standard screw lock type metal terminals, the pin spacing between each is 45mm.



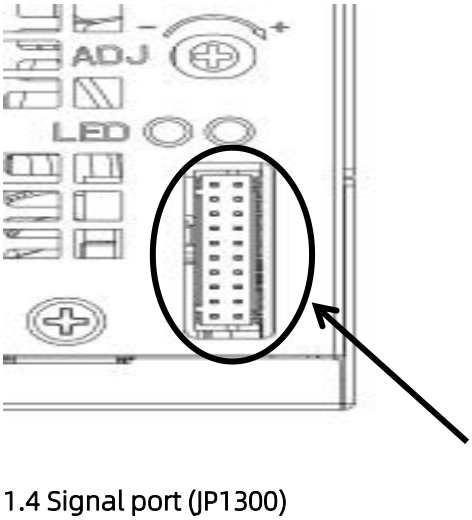
Pin	Features
+Vo	Main output +
-Vo	Main output -

Torque: M8/13.5N·m (max)

M4/0.9N·m (max)

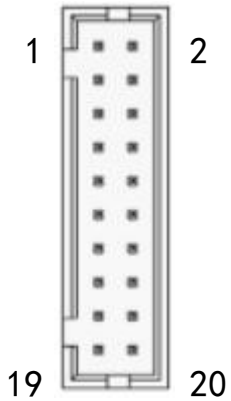
1.3 Auxiliary DC output terminal (+Vo2: Pin7, 9; SGND: PIN2, 6, 10)

The auxiliary output terminal with a standard terminal of 2.0mm pitch.



Pin	Label	Function
Pin7, 9	+Vo2	Auxiliary DC output +
PIN2, 6, 10	SGND	Auxiliary DC output -

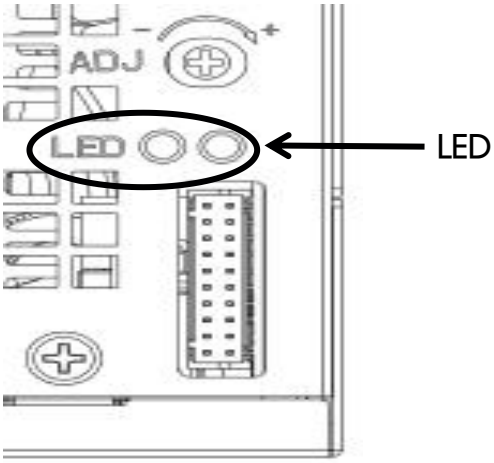
1.4 Signal port (JP1300)



Pin	Label	Features
1	PS_ON/OFF	Remote control signal
2	SGND	AUX terminal reference ground
3	AGND	Signal terminal reference ground
4	AC_OK	AC_OK Signal
5	WP-EN	External storage enable signal
6	SGND	AUX terminal reference ground
7	+Vo2	The auxiliary path outputs the positive terminal
8	DC_OK	DC_OK Signal
9	+Vo2	The auxiliary path outputs the positive terminal
10	SGND	AUX terminal reference ground
11	SCL	I2C communication line
12	VS+	Remote compensation positive terminal
13	SDA	I2C communication line
14	VPROG	The software output is adjustable
15	Current share	Current sharing bus
16	A0	ADDRESS code 0
17	A1	ADDRESS code 1
18	VS-	Remote compensation negative terminal
19	A2	ADDRESS code 2
20	AGND	Signal terminal reference ground

Note: The reference ground of all pins on the signal terminal is Pin2, Pin6 and Pin10.

1.5 Green and red status display LED lights

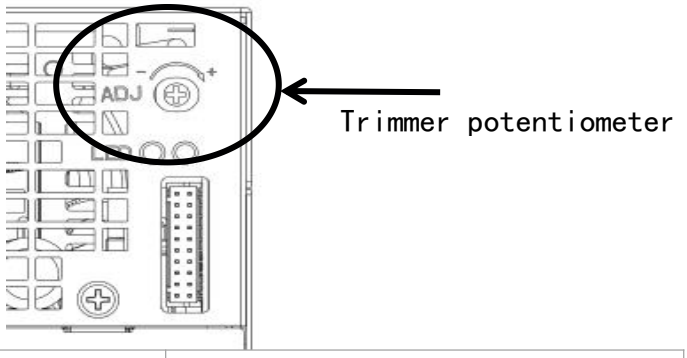


Two kinds of LED lights indicate difference working states of the power supply:

Green LED	Red LED	Status
ON	OFF	Normal work
OFF	ON	Main alarm
OFF	OFF	No input

1.6 Output voltage adjustment knob

Turn counterclockwise to increase output voltage



Model	Rated Output Voltage	Adjustable Range Of Output Voltage
AEF3000-2B-12	12V	9-15V
AEF3000-2B-24	24V	18-30V
AEF3000-2B-48	48V	36-60V

If you want wider output voltage regulation (beyond the range of adjustable resistance regulation), as shown in the table below, you can use the following two methods.

Model	Rated Output Voltage	Adjustable Range Of Output Voltage
AEF3000-2B-12	12V	2.4-15V
AEF3000-2B-24	24V	4.8-30V
AEF3000-2B-48	48V	9.6-60V

Method 1: PMBus regulation

The set output voltage is adjusted through PMBus host communication. When the given value of the upper computer is minimum and the adjustable resistance is adjusted to the minimum, corresponding to the minimum output voltage; When the given value of the upper computer is maximum and the adjustable resistance is adjusted to the maximum, corresponding to the highest output voltage.

For example, the selection of AEF3000-2B-24, rated output 24Vdc, need to be adjusted to 4.8Vdc, and at the same time adjust the adjustable resistor counterclockwise voltage to the minimum, then the output voltage will become 4.8Vdc.

Method 2: Signal voltage regulation

Connect PIN14(VPROG) on the JP1300 terminal to 0V and adjust the adjustable resistance to the lowest output voltage. When PIN14(VPROG) is externally connected to 5V and the adjustable resistance is adjusted to the maximum, it corresponds to the highest output voltage.

For example, the selection of AEF3000-2B-24, rated output 24Vdc, need to adjust to 4.8Vdc, the operation is as follows; the signal voltage to 0Vdc, and at the same time adjust the adjustable resistor to the minimum voltage counterclockwise, then the output will become 4.8Vdc.

2. Function Manual

2.1 Input requirements

The AC input voltage and DC input voltage must be within the defined voltage range (refer to data-sheet), otherwise the power supply may not work properly or even malfunction. The internal L and N line of the power module have been connected in series with a 300V 25A fuse. For better protection, it is recommended that customers use a circuit breaker not greater than 25A (Non-mandatory requirement).

2.2 Output requirements

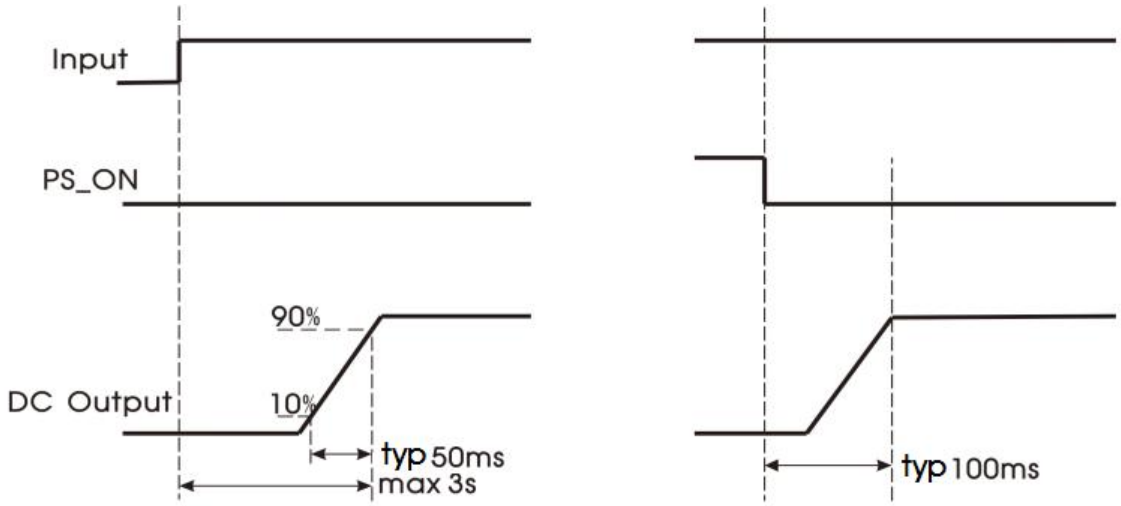
Main output

At any voltage value, the maximum output current and power must not exceed the rated/specified value. The output current must not exceed the maximum output current value.

Auxiliary output

The auxiliary circuit supports a maximum current of 12V/0.8A.

2.3 Start-up timing



Item	Operating Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power-off Hold Time	Room temperature, full load	115VAC	14	--	--	ms
		230VAC	14	--	--	
Start Delay Time	230VAC, full load, 25℃		--	--	3	s

2.4 Fan speed control

Fan speed is determined by output power and output voltage at the same time, refer to the following curve for fan speed change.

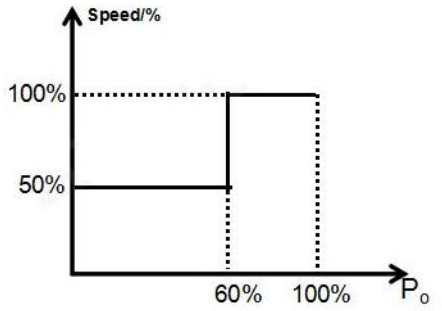


Fig.1

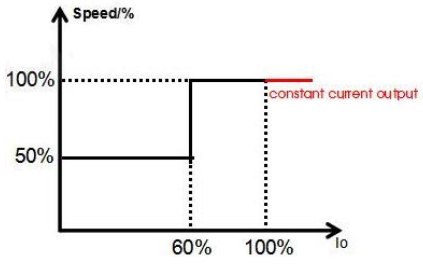


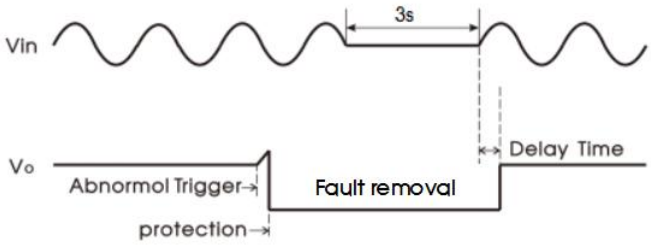
Fig.2

Po/Io: Rated output voltage

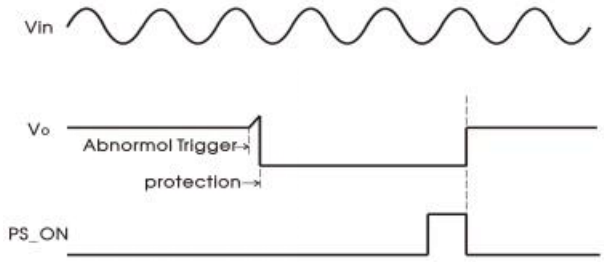
2.5 Output over-voltage protection (OVP)

Main output

The over-voltage protection function is to close the main output when the output voltage reaches the protection voltage value. When the main circuit over-voltage protection occurs, the main circuit output voltage of the module will be shut off, and the auxiliary circuit output will not be affected. The main circuit output can be restored after disconnecting the input power for at least 3 seconds.



In addition, it can be quickly restarted by the PS_ON signal:



Auxiliary output

When the auxiliary circuit voltage reaches 16VDC (maximum value), the auxiliary output will be in hiccup status, and the main output voltage will be in hiccup status until the auxiliary output returns to normal after the fault is eliminated.

2.6 Output constant-current protection (OCP)

① Main circuit over-current

If in CC load mode, when the current exceeds the constant current point, the output enters CC mode; when the over current state is released, the output returns to normal.

If in CV/CR load mode, the relationship among output current, voltage and resistance in shown in the following curve:

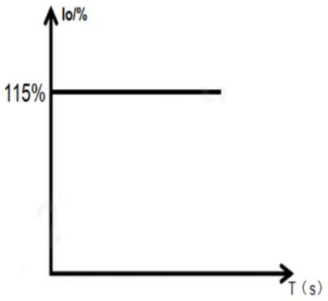


Fig.1

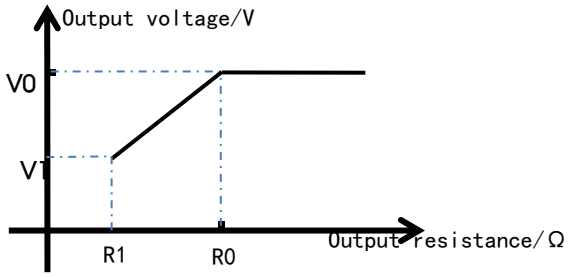


Fig.2

When the product enters the constant current state (The over-temperature protection is not triggered), the output state circulates as shown in Fig.1, until the constant current state is released. In Fig.2, the corresponding slope of segments R1-R0 is the corresponding output current I when the current is constant.

② Auxiliary circuit over-current

When the auxiliary output current exceeds 130% (typ.) of the rated current, turn off the main output. After the overflows state is removed, the main route automatically recovers output after restart.

2.7 Output short circuit protection (SCP)

When the main output is short-circuited, the power output in CC mode (The over-temperature protection is not triggered). Fig.1 shows 2.6, after the short-circuit is removed, the power module will automatically return to normal, and the auxiliary output will not be affected.

When the auxiliary circuit output is short-circuited, the main circuit without output.

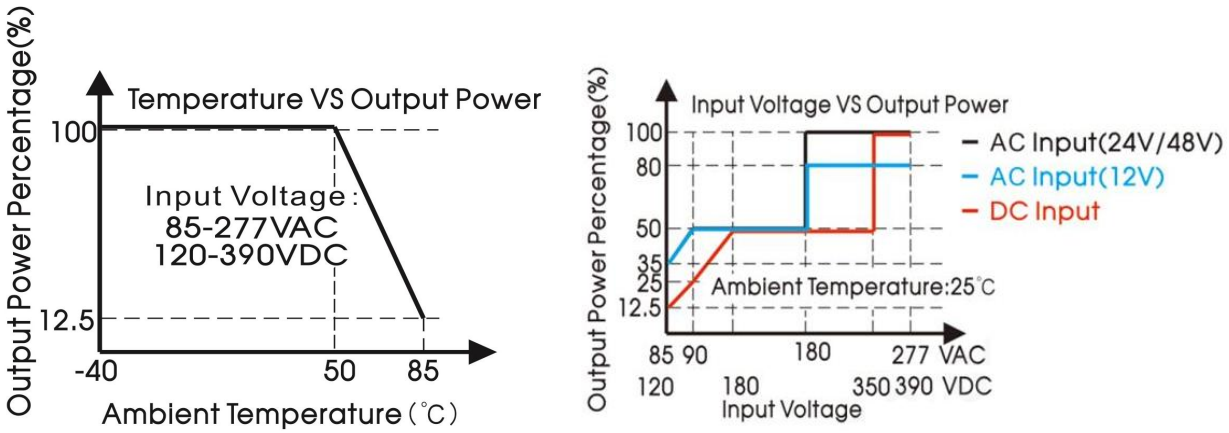
2.8 Over-temperature protection (OTP)

When the ambient temperature of the power supply exceeds the rated temperature for a period of time, the power supply will be turned off and the power supply will resume normal operation after the ambient temperature drops to the set value.

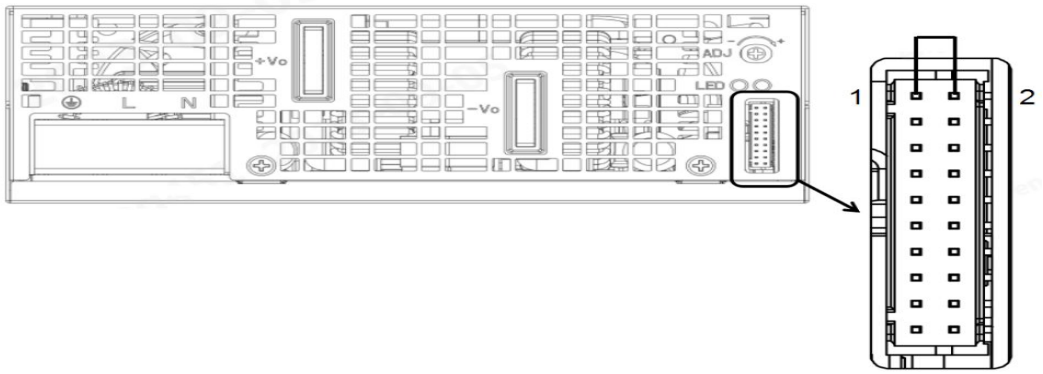
2.9 Output power derating

When the input voltage is greater than 180VAC (or 350VDC), only need to derate according to the temperature derating curve.

When the input voltage is lower than 180VAC (or 350VDC), the output power will be derated according to the following input voltage derating curve after temperature derating.



2.10 Remote control



Switch between PS_ON/OFF (Pin1) and SGND (Pin2)	Output Status
Short-Circuit	Output on
Pin floating	Output off

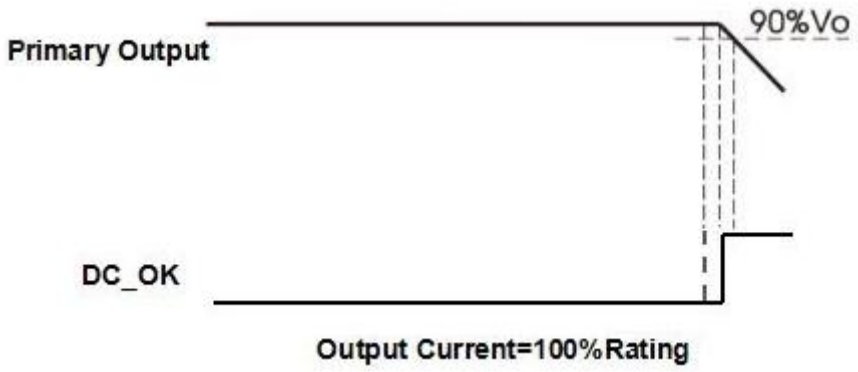
If the input terminal of the power module has been connected to a power source, the PS_ON/OFF signal pin can be used to control the on and off of the main output, and the PS_ON/OFF signal does not affect the output voltage of the auxiliary circuit.

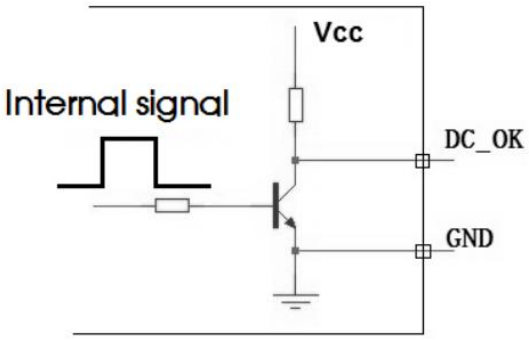
Note: The internal PS_ON/OFF input impedance of the module is 5.1K.

2.11 DC_OK signal

The DC_OK signal is used to monitor whether the power supply is working normally, and the signal is at Pin8 of the signal terminal JP1300.

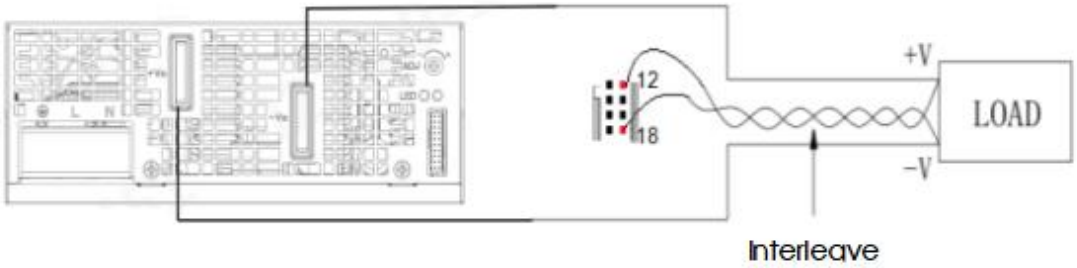
Note: When the DC_OK signal is connected to the external circuit, the impedance of the external external circuit (between Pin8 and Pin2, 6, 10 of JP1300) is not less than 10kΩ.





DC_OK (Pin8) and SGND (Pin2, 6, 10)	Output State
0 - 0.5V	Output on
10 - 12V	Output off

2.12 Remote compensation



Note:

1. Vs+ and Vs- cannot be shorted or reversed, otherwise the power module will be damaged.

2. Before powering on the product, please confirm whether the control signal connection terminal (JP1300) Pin1 (PS_ON/OFF) and Pin2 (SGND) short-circuit jumper cap are connected. If not, the product without output. When the control signal connection terminal (JP1300) of the product are external connected as a whole, please ensure that Pin1 and Pin2 are short-circuit connected. Please refer to AEF3000-2B-xx Series Power Supply Application Notes: 2.10 Remote control.

3. Pin 12 and pin 18 of the signal terminal JP1300 can compensate the voltage drop on the output cable.

4. The remote compensation circuit can compensate 200mV cable voltage drop. This voltage includes the sum of the cable drop connected to the output positive terminal and the output negative terminal.

5. If you need to use the remote compensation function, the signal pin needs to be connected with the load end with a twisted pair cable.

2.13 Parallel operation

2.13.1 Redundancy

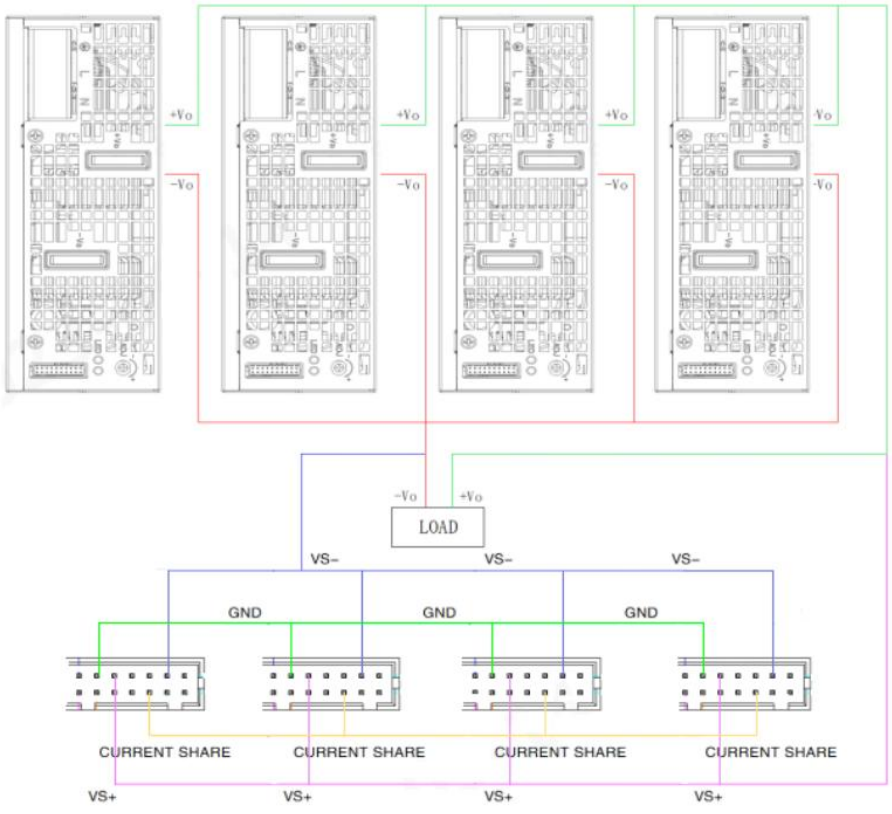
The power module output can be connected in parallel to achieve redundancy, thereby improving system reliability. The maximum power of the redundant system needs to be derated to ensure that the redundant system can still meet the rated load requirements when a power supply module fails. The current common practice is to construct a redundant system by the N+1 method, that is, N+1 power supplies are connected in parallel, to support the maximum load current N*Iomax, where Iomax is the rated output current of each power supply. For example, the rated output current of each power supply is 40A, and 7+1 units are connected in parallel to construct a 7*40A=280A redundant system.

The power module supports 7+1 parallel redundant operation.

2.13.2 Current sharing

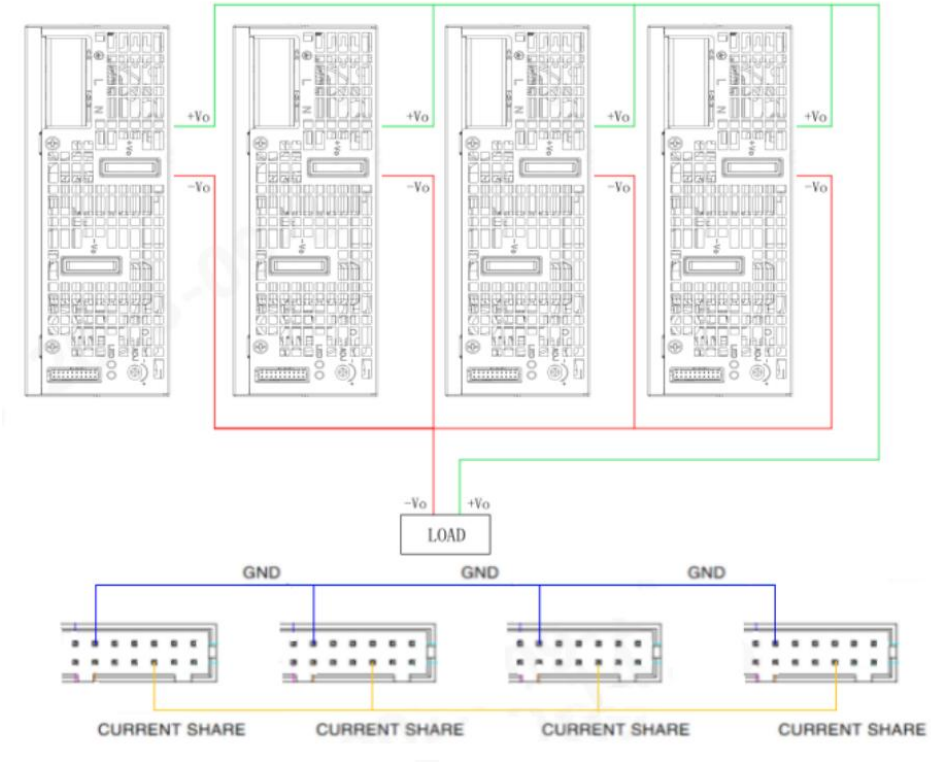
Method 1: Current sharing bus and remote compensation lines are both connected.

For load line loss ≤ 200mV, and the output voltage difference of each single module ≤ 50mV, this type of connection is recommended to obtain a better line-end output voltage and current sharing effect.



Method 2: Only the current sharing bus is connected, and the remote compensation is not connected.

For the load line loss ≥ 200mV, or the output voltage difference of each single module cannot or does not need to be accurately adjusted to ≤50mV, this type of connection is recommended to obtain a better current sharing effect of the parallel machine. In the same way, when the load loss is unknown or the current sharing fails to meet the specifications under the first connection method, it is recommended to replace it with this connected method. The wiring method of the current sharing function is shown in the figure below:



Note: 1. When using in parallel, the number of parallel modules cannot exceed 8.

2. Before powering on the product, please confirm whether the control signal connection terminal (JP1300) Pin1 (PS_ON/OFF) and Pin2 (SGND) short-circuit jumper cap are connected. If not, the product without output. When the control signal connection terminal (JP1300) of the product are external connected as a whole, please ensure that Pin1 and Pin2 are short-circuit connected. Please refer to AEF3000-2B-xx Series Power Supply Application Notes: 2.10 Remote control.

When power modules work in parallel, there is an internal active current sharing circuit to ensure that the current between each module is balanced.

The active current sharing circuit adopts the automatic master-slave current sharing method. Each power module has a current sharing bus signal (CURRENT SHARE BUS). When working in parallel, the current sharing bus of all power modules must be connected together. The current-sharing bus signal is located at pin 15 of JP1300.

The output voltage of each power module will affect the current sharing accuracy. The output voltage of the power module is the rated voltage ±50mV. In practical applications, if the output voltage value needs to be adjusted, the output voltage of all parallel power supply modules needs to be adjusted to the same voltage. The recommended voltage range: target voltage value ±50mV

After the output load of each power module is greater than 50% of the rated load, the current sharing accuracy should be ±10%. The current sharing calculation formula is:

$$\text{Current sharing accuracy} = \frac{Io\max - Io\min}{Io\max} * 100\%$$

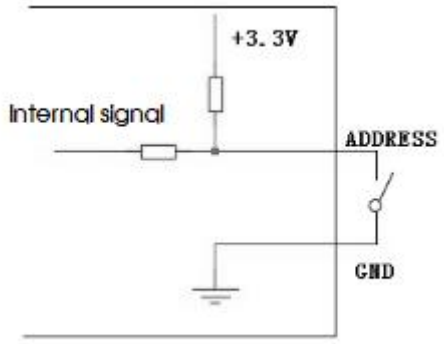
Iomax: the maximum output current value in parallel power supply modules.

Iomin: the minimum output current value in parallel power supply modules.

2.14 PM Bus communication address

In the parallel system, if you need to identify the power module information, you need to set the PMBus communication address for each parallel power module, and exchange data with the host computer through I2C. The setting of the communication address is determined by pins 16, 17 and 19 of the signal terminal JP1300. When these three pins are short-circuited with pin 3 or 20 of JP1300, it will be low level (L, voltage range: 0 - 1.31V). When disconnected, it is high level (H, voltage range: 1.99V - 3.3V). The specific address number is shown in the table below:

ADDRESS 2	ADDRESS 1	ADDRESS 0	Address number
L	L	L	0
L	L	H	1
L	H	L	2
L	H	H	3
H	L	L	4
H	L	H	5
H	H	L	6
H	H	H	7



The internal pull-up resistance value of the power module is 10kΩ, and the external impedance can be matched according to the actual application to meet the high and low voltage range.

3. Installation requirements

3.1 Safety introduction

Warning: Risk of electric shock

During high voltage operating

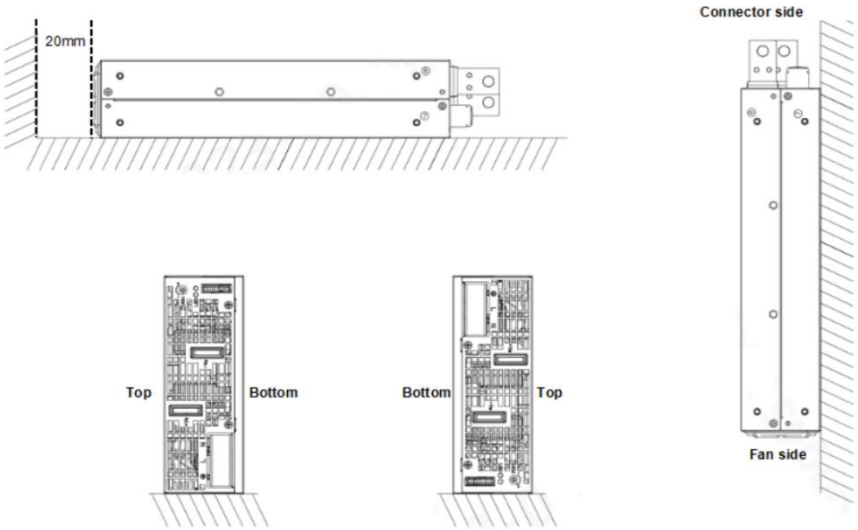
- The power supply module is disconnected from the input DC or the AC power and placed for at least one minute before starting to operate it.
- When installing the input wire to the power module, please connect the ground terminal first, and then connect the L line and the N line.
- When removing the input wire, please remove the L wire and the N wire first, and then remove the ground wire.
- When disassembling, make sure that no objects fall into the power module.
- Pay attention to high temperature.
- After the power module is working in a high temperature environment, wait for its shell to cool down before operating.
- This product needs to be installed by professionals and needs to be used with other equipment.

3.2 Safety requirements

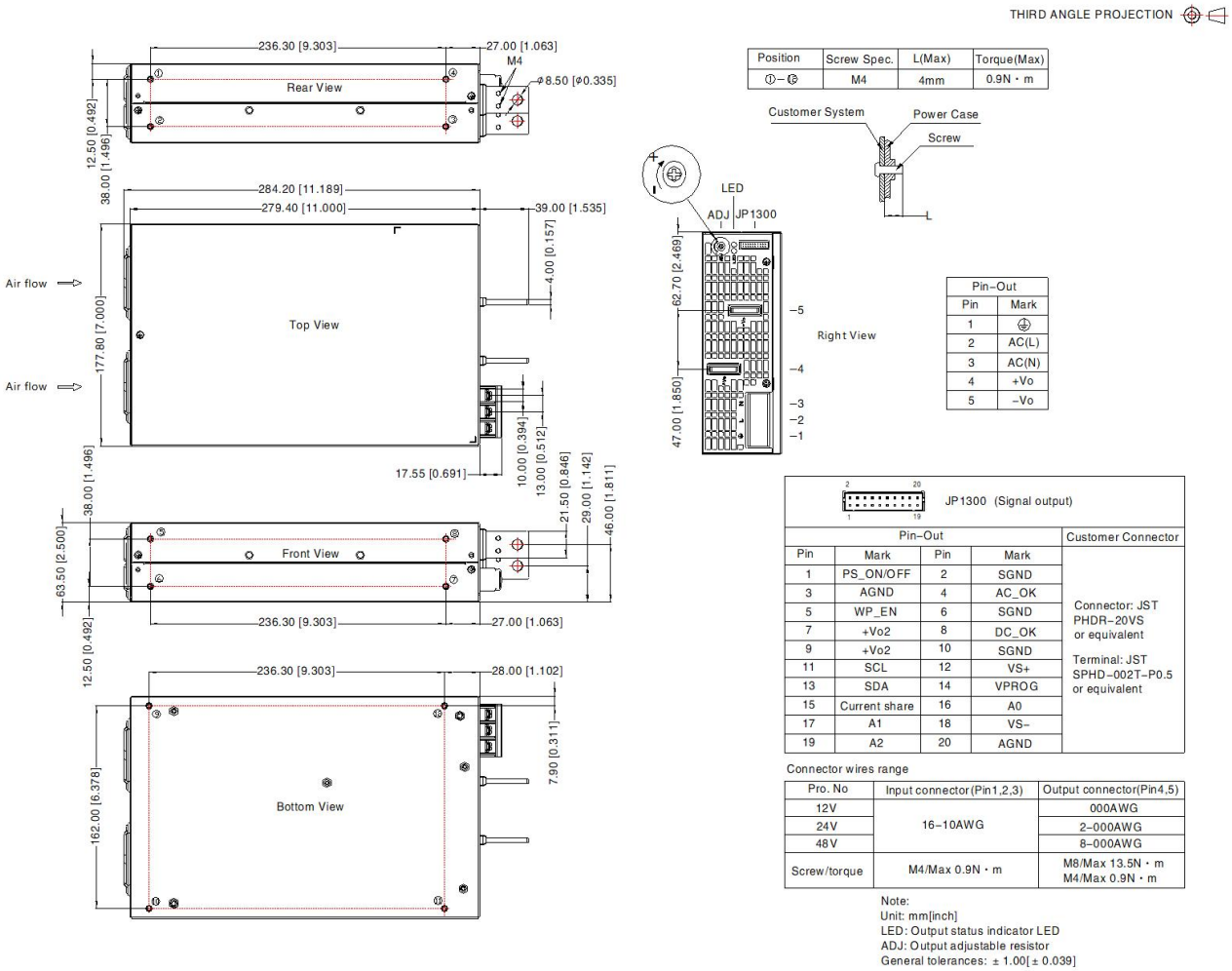
When installing, pay attention to the primary side and the protective ground, the creep distance and the electrical clearance of the primary side and the secondary side refer to EN60601-1.

3.3 Installation method

Standard mounting orientation:



Position of mounting holes:



Position	Screw Spec.	L(Max)	Torque(Max)
①-⏚	M4	4mm	0.9N · m

Pin-Out	
Pin	Mark
1	⏚
2	AC(L)
3	AC(N)
4	+Vo
5	-Vo

Pin-Out				Customer Connector
Pin	Mark	Pin	Mark	
1	PS_ON/OFF	2	SGND	Connector: JST PHDR-20VS or equivalent Terminal: JST SPHD-002T-P0.5 or equivalent
3	AGND	4	AC_OK	
5	WP_EN	6	SGND	
7	+Vo2	8	DC_OK	
9	+Vo2	10	SGND	
11	SCL	12	VS+	
13	SDA	14	VPROG	
15	Current share	16	A0	
17	A1	18	VS-	
19	A2	20	AGND	

Pro. No	Input connector(Pin1,2,3)	Output connector(Pin4,5)
12V	16-10AWG	000AWG
24V		2-000AWG
48V		8-000AWG
Screw/torque	M4/Max 0.9N · m	M8/Max 13.5N · m M4/Max 0.9N · m

Note: The fan panel cannot be blocked by other objects, and a distance of at least 20mm must be maintained, otherwise it will affect the heat dissipation and performance of the power module.

4. Communication protocol

The AEF3000-2B-xx series power modules support standard PMBus communication protocols and manage and monitor the power modules through I2C bus.

command	command name	Data read and write type	data byte	default	data layout	Command description
00h	PAGE	Read Byte	1	00h		Reads the currently selected Page index number(0-Page0 corresponding main channel)
01h	OPERATION	Read/Write Byte	1	80h		This command is used to remotely switch on and off the system. The alarm is cleared once when the system starts. 0x80: power on; 0x40: power off;

02h	ON_OFF_CONFIG	Read/Write Byte	1	1Ch		Output The default value of the on-off control feature: 0x1D Bit4: 0--Is the power module powered on at any time regardless of the status of the control pin 1--The power module is not powered on before the pin control and command operation (set in bit 3:0) Bit3: 0--Ignore the CMD command word of the bus to start and stop the power module 1--According to the bus start command, the power module starts the output. According to the bit 2, the power module needs to set the control pin for the power module to start the output Bit2: 0--Power module ignore control pin (Power module switch is controlled only by CMD command) 1--The power module starts after the control pin is installed.According to bit 3, you need to run the command power module to start output. Bit1: 0--Active low level (start output with low power module) 1--Active high level (high power module to start output) Bit0: reserved
03h	CLEAR_FAULTS	Send Byte	0		N/A	This command is used to clear the current Page fault. After receiving this command, the existing fault alarms can be cleared. This command can only be cleared for all page faults
10h	WRITE_PROTECT	Read/Write Byte	1	80h		This command is used to control write operations on the PMBus device 0x80: All write operations except the 10h command are prohibited 0x40: All write operations except 10h, 00h, and 01h commands are prohibited 00: Enables the write operation of all writable commands

15h	STORE_USER_ALL	Send Byte	0		N/A	Copy the entire contents of the running memory into non-volatile storage memory
19h	CAPABILITY	Read Byte	1	A0h		Communication capability query command Bit7: PEC verification 0-- PEC is not supported 1-- PEC is supported Bit6 to Bit5: indicates the maximum bus rate 00-- Maximum bus speed,100KHz 01-- Maximum bus speed,400KHz Bit4: Smbaler #: 0-- The smbaler # alarm signal is not supported 1-- Support SMbaler # alarm signal Bit3 to Bit0: reserved
20h	VOUT_MODE	Read Byte	1	17h	Linear16	Output related data format definition 0x17: The data representing the output voltage is in Linear16 format, with Q= -9 data format
21h	VOUT_COMMAND	Read/Write Byte	2	24.0	Linear16	Set the output voltage to the LINEAR16 data format, Q=-9 The value ranges from 0 to 24
35h	VIN_ON	Read Byte	2	70.0	Linear11	Input voltage Start value
36h	VIN_OFF	Read Byte	2	60.0	Linear11	Input voltage protection value
3Ah	FAN_CONFIG_1_2	Read Byte	1	99h		Fan configuration Bit7: Indicates whether Position1 has a fan 0 - No fan. 1 - Fan Bit6: Format of the fan speed control command 0 - duty cycle (default), 1 - RPM, Bit5 - 4: Speed is measured in pulses per second, bit4=1, bit5=0 Bit3: Indicates whether Position2 has a fan 0 - No fan. 1 - Fan Bit2: Format of the fan speed control command 0 - duty cycle (default), 1 - RPM, Bit1 - 0: The speed is measured in pulses per second
3Bh	FAN_COMMAND_1	Read/Write Word	2	0	Linear11	Fan speed control command, percentage control, LINEAR11 data format The set speed is higher than the speed required by the power supply

40h	VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	Read Byte	2	34.0	Linear16	The output over-voltage protection point of the power module is Linear16 and Q= -9
41h	VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Read Byte	1	0xB8		Output over-voltage protection response: 3.5s restart
42h	VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT	Read Byte	2	32.0	Linear16	The value of the power module output over-voltage alarm is Linear16, with Q= -9
46h	IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	Read Byte	2	175.0	Linear11	Power module output over-current protection point
47h	IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE	Read Byte	1	0xF8		Output over-current protection response: 3.5s restart
4Fh	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Read Byte	2	119.0℃	Linear11	Power module over-temperature protection point
50h	OT_FAULT_RESPONSE	Read Byte	1	0xC0		Power module over-temperature protection response: Restart the power module after over-temperature recovery
51h	OT_WARN_LIMIT	Read Byte	2	116.0℃	Linear11	The power module over-temperature warning point is LINEAR11 data format
68h	POUT_OP_FAULT_LIMIT	Read Byte	2	3600.0	Linear11	Output overload protection point of the power module
69h	POUT_OP_FAULT_RESPONSE	Read Byte	1	0xF8		Output overload protection Response: 3.5s restart
6Ah	POUT_OP_WARN_LIMIT	Read Byte	2	3450.0	Linear11	Power module output overload alarm
78h	STATUS_BYTE	Read Byte	1	00h		The low power status byte is mapped from status bytes such as STATUS_VOUT Bit7 reserved Bit6 OFF Bit5 VOUT_OV_FAULT Bit4 IOUT_OC_FAULT Bit3 reservation Bit2 TEMPERATURE Bit1 CML Bit0 reservation

79h	STATUS_WORD	Read Word	2	0000h		Power status double bytes, mapped by status bytes such as STATUS_VOUT Low byte Bit7 reserved Bit6 OFF Bit5 VOUT_OV_FAULT Bit4 IOUT_OC_FAULT Bit3 reservation Bit2 TEMPERATURE Bit1 CML Bit0 reservation High byte Bit7 VOUT Bit6 IOUT/POUT Bit5 reservation Bit4 MFRSPECIFIC Bit3 POWER_GOOD# Bit2 FANS Bit1 reservation Bit0 reservation
7Ah	STATUS_VOUT	Read/Write Byte	1	00h		The output voltage is related to the power supply. Write 1 Clear the alarm. If the fault persists, reset the power supply Bit7 VOUT_OV_FAULT Bit6 VOUT_OV_WARNING Bit5 reservation Bit4 reservation Bit3 reservation Bit2 reservation Bit1 reservation
7Dh	STATUS_TEMP	Read/Write Byte	1	00h		If the status is related to the temperature of the power supply, write 1. Clear the alarm. If the fault persists, reset the power supply Bit7 OTP_FAULT Bit6 OTP_WARNING Bit5 reservation Bit4 reservation Bit3 reservation Bit2 reservation Bit1 reservation Bit0 reservation

7Eh	STATUS_CML	Read/Write Byte	1	00h		If the status is related to the temperature of the power supply, write 1. Clear the alarm. If the fault persists, reset the power supply Bit7 OTP_FAULT Bit6 OTP_WARNING Communication, storage, or logic-related status Bit7 Invalid Or Unsupported Command Received Bit6 Invalid Or Unsupported Data Received Bit5 Packet Error Check Failed Bit4 reservation Bit3 reservation Bit2 reservation Bit1 reservation Bit0 reservation Bit5 reservation Bit4 reservation Bit3 reservation Bit2 reservation Bit1 reservation Bit0 reservation
80h	STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC	Read/Write Byte	1			The status is defined by the power supply manufacturer
81h	STATUS_FANS_1_2	Read/Write Byte	1			1 Clear the alarm. If the fault persists, reset the fan module Bit7 Fan 1 Fault Bit6 Fan 2 Fault Bit5 reservation Bit4 reservation Bit3 reservation Bit2 reservation Bit1 reservation Bit0 reservation
88h	READ_VIN	Read Word	2		Linear11	Input voltage value, LINEAR11 data format
8Bh	READ_VOUT	Read Word	2		Linear16	Output voltage value, LINEAR16 data format, Q=-9
8Ch	READ_IOUT	Read Word	2		Linear11	Output current value, LINEAR11 data format
8Dh	READ_TEMPERATURE_1	Read Word	2		Linear11	Power side hot spot temperature, LINEAR11 data format
90h	READ_FAN_SPEED_1	Read Word	2		Linear11	Fan speed, unit: RPM, N=0, LINEAR11 data format

91h	READ_FAN_SPEED_2	Read Word	2		Linear11	Fan speed, unit: RPM, N=0, LINEAR11 data format
96h	READ_POUT	Read Word	2		Linear11	Output power value, LINEAR11 data format
98h	PMBUS_REVISION	Read Byte	1	22h		Indicates the PMBus version V1.2
99h	MFR_ID	Block Read	Var	/	ASCII	Manufacturer code, ASCII character string, maximum 32 characters
9Ah	MFR_MODEL	Block Read	Var	AEF3000	ASCII	The value is an ASCII character string with a maximum of 32 characters
9Bh	MFR_REVERSION	Block Read	Var	1.0	ASCII	Product version number. The value is a string of up to 32 ASCII characters
9Ch	MFR_LOCATION	Block Read	Var	WH	ASCII	The value is an ASCII character string with a maximum of 32 characters
9Dh	MFR_DATE	Block Read	10	2023-02-27	ASCII	The value is an ASCII character string with a maximum of 32 characters
9Eh	MFR_SERIAL	Block Read	Var	123456789	ASCII	Product serial number, ASCII string, maximum 32 characters